

A Study on Fund Flow Statement with Reference to Ultratech Cement

N Jaya, T. Ramesh *Aristotle PG College, Hyderabad, Telangana, India.* Corresponding Author Email: yadayjaya156@gmail.com

Abstract: This study is important for understanding the management of funds flow statement in Ultra Tech Cements it gives information on the basis of analysis about percentage of investment in each current asset cause for changes in working capital from different sources amount of working capital required. The firm's trade creditors are interest in the firm ability to meet their claim over a short period of time. So, they required the evaluation of the firm's liquidity position. The suppliers of the long-term debt on the other hand of concerned with the long-term resolutions and survival. They analyze the firm profitability over time. **Keywords:** Funds Flow statement, long – term debt, liquidity position, Profitability.

1. INTRODUCTION

The "traditional package" of final accounts and statements, through very significant statements, has as such, a limited role to play in financial analysis. The basic financial statements i.e. the Balance Sheet and profit and Loss account or income statement o business reveal the net effect of the various transactions on operation and financial position of the company, the balance sheet gives a summary of assets and liabilities of an undertaking at a particular point of time. It reveals the financial position of the company. The profit and loss reflect the result of the business operation for a period of time. It contains a summary of expenses incurred and the revenue released in an accounting period. Every company prepares its Balance Sheet at the end of its accounting Year. It reveals the financial position of the company at a certain point of time.

2. REVIEW OF LITERATURE

David F.Scott et.al.(2012)10 studied the change in the financial and operating performance. This study used the according performance measure adjusted for market effects in addition to unadjusted accounting performance measures both unadjusted and market adjusted results show significant increase in profitability operating efficiency, capital investment spending, input employment level, and dividends. This study also found a decline in the leverage following privatization, but this change was significant only for the unadjusted leverage ratios. **Varma (2013)** the basic problem of working capital in bank was the surplus investments in current assets rather than inadequacies. The investments mainly found in the inventory and receivable components.

Objectives of the study

- To study about the funds flow statements in ultra tech cement
- To study the efficiency with which the firm is utilising its various assets in generating sales.
- To study the extent to which the firm has used its long-term solvency by borrowing funds.
- To know whether the current assets and current liabilities are properly managed.
- To review the structure, original growth and performance of ultra tech cement during the study period.
- To determine the requirement of working capital requirements of the firm.

• To give suggestions, if any, based on the present research.

Limitations of the study:

The study has to be made ideal conditional, but every study has some limitations.

- This study is limited of the company ultra tech cement only. The time factor of 8 weeks is also a limiting factor for an induct study.
- The analysis is prepared on the basis of company reports where some information is kept confidential by the company and hence total analysis was not possible.

3. ANALYSIS AND INTERPRETATION

TABLE 1. Ultra tech cement statement of changes in working capital during the year 2018-2019

PARTICULARS	2018	2019	INCREASE	DECREASE
A. Current assets:				
Inventories	29487.68	29153.66		334.12
Trade receivables	20417.03	11659.55		8757.48
Cash and cash equivalents	47903.15	48519.84	616.69	
Short term loans & advances	22831.11	34118.33	11287.22	
Other current assets	1618.77	3286.57	1667.8	
Total current assets	122257.74	126737.85		
B. Current liabilities				
Short term borrowings	3409.18	977521		6366.03
Trade payable	6629.38	7173.92		544.54
Other current liabilities	20801.44	11343.88	9547.56	
Short term provision	5960.44	3919.69	2040.75	
Total current liabilities	36800.44	32212.7		
C.net working capital (A-B)	85457.3	94525.15		
Net increase in working capital	9067.85			9067.85
			25070.02	25070.02

Interpretation:

As per above working capital in current assets Inventories, trade receivables are decreased in 2019. As well as cash and cash equivalents, short term loans and advances, other current assets are increased in 2019. In other side current liabilities short term borrowings, trade payable is decreased in 2019. As well as other current liabilities, short term provisions are increased in 2019. The overall "networking capita" increased to 9067.85/- in the year 2019.

TABLE 2. Funds flow statement for the year 2018	3-2019
---	--------

source from funds	amount	applications from funds	amount			
Raising long term						
provisions	105.65	Repayment long term borrowing	7082.58			
		Repayment other long-term				
Tangible assets	1828.83	liabilities	76.62			
In tangible assets	108.63	Capital work in progress	2072.31			
Long term loans &						
advances	3029.3	Non-current investment	15262.27			
Funds from operations	28597.15	Other non-current asset	107.93			
		Net increase working1 capital	9067.85			
	33669.56		33669.56			

TABLE 3. Ultra tech cement - statement of changes in working capital during the year 2019-2020.

Particulars	2019	2020	Increase	Decrease
A. Current assets:				

Inventories	29153.55	29264.06	10.51	
Trade receivables	11659.56	16596.66	4937.1	
Cash and cash equivalents	48697.73	46370.77		2326.96
Short term loans & advances	18371.7	12052.24		6319.46
Other current assets	3105.62	2239.12		866.5
Total current assets	110988.16	106522.85		
B. Current liabilities				
Short term borrowings	9775.21	8169.65	1605.56	
Trade payable	7975.21	7291.33	681.34	
Other current liabilities	9682.33	5321.76	4360.57	
Short term provision	4659.57	5655.5		995.93
Total current liabilities	32089.78	26438.24		
C.net working capital (A-B)	78898.38	80084.61		
Net increase in working capital	1186.23			1186.23
			11695.08	11695.08

As per above working capital in current assets inventories, trade receivables are increased in 2018. As well as cash and cash equivalents, short term loans & advances other current are decreased in 2020. In other side in current liabilities short term borrowings, trade payable, other current liabilities are increased in 2020. As well as short term provisions are decreased in 2020. The overall "Net working capital" increased to 1186.23/- in the years 2020.

TABLE 4. Funds flow statement for the year 2019-2020

Source of funds	Amount	Application of funds	Amount
Funds from operations	18821.49	Capital work in progress	16.49
Raising long term borrowing	645.56	Non-current investment	17842.73
Raising other long-term		Long term loans&	
liabilities	41.86	advances	468.81
Raising long term provision	113.27	Other non-current assets	884.19
		Net increase working	
Tangible assets	663.44	capital	1186.23
In tangible assets	112.83		
	20398.45		20398.45

TABL	E 5. Ultra tech cement	- statement of chan	ges in working	capital during	the year 2020	0-2021.

			Ĺ	
Particulars	2020	2021	Increase	Decrease
A. Current assets:				
Inventories	29264.06	32170.94	2906.88	
Trade receivables	16596.66	15969.9		626.76
Cash and cash equivalents	46370.66	11710.91		34660.11
Short term loans & advances	12047.84	16232.72	4214.88	
Other current assets	2239.12	1573.45		665.67
Total current assets	106518.45	77,687.67		
B. Current liabilities				
Short term borrowings	8163.65	418.27	3984.38	
Trade payable	7285.53	7478.8		193.27
Other current liabilities	5327.56	9887.02		4559.46
Short term provision	5655.5	5701.76		46.26

Total current liabilities	26438.24	27.252.85		
C.net working capital (A-B)	80080.21	50434.82		
Net increase in working				
capital		29645.39	29645.39	
			40751.53	40751.53

As per above working capital in current assets inventories, short term loans & advances are increased in 2021. As well as trade receivables, cash and equivalents, other current assets are decreased in 2021. In other side in current liabilities short term borrowings are increased in 2021. As well as trade payable, other current liabilities, short provision are decreased in 2021. The overall "Net working capital" decreased to 29654.39/- in the year.

IABLE 6. Funds flow statement for the year 2020-2021						
Source of funds	Amount	Application of funds	Amount			
Raising long term borrowings	901.76	Repayment of other long-term liabilities	21.41			
Raising long term provisions	61.79	Tangible assets	20629.8			
Intangible assets	111.69	Noncurrent investment	47977.09			
Capital work in progress	25422.37	Other non-current assets				
Long term loans and advances	89.11					
Funds from operations	13625.9					
Net decrease in working capital	29645.37					
	69858.01		69858.01			

TABLE 6. Funds flow statement for the year 2020-2021

TAF	BLE 7. Ultra tech	cement - statem	ent of chang	es in worki	ng capital	during	the year 2021	<u>-2</u> 022.

PARTICULARS	2021	2022	INCREASE	DECREASE
A. Current assets:				
Inventories	32170.94	34383.76	2212.82	
Trade receivables	15969.9	22017.27	6043.37	
Cash and cash equivalents	11710.66	3711.65		7999.01
Short term loans & advances	16262.72	16930.83	668.11	
Other current assets	1573.45	1169.69		403.76
Total current assets	77,687.67	78,209.20		
B. Current liabilities				
Short term borrowings	4185.27	6316.65		2131.38
Trade payable	7478.81	7554.92		76.11
Other current liabilities	9887.02	12803.36		2916.34
Short term provision	5701.76	5073.93	627.83	
Total current liabilities	27,252.86	31748.86		
C.net working capital (A-B)	50434.81	46460.34		
Net increase in working capital		3974.47	3974.47	
			13526.6	13526.6

Interpretation:

As per above working capital in current assets short term loans & advances, inventories, trade receivables are increased in 2022. As wellcash and cash equivalents another current asset are decreased in 2022. In other side in current liabilities short term borrowings, trade payable, other current liabilities are decreased in 2022. As well as short term provision are increases in 2022. The overall "networking capital" decreased to 3974.47/- in the year 2022.

Source of funds	Amount	Application of funds	Amount			
		Repayment of long term				
Funds from operation	8.862.33	borrowings	258.49			
		Repayment of long term				
Raising long term provision	758.91	liabilities	178.51			
Tangible	2405.09	Capita work in progress	42.16			
In tangible	91.02	Noncurrent investment	10371.97			
Net decrease in working						
capital	3974.47	Long term loans and advances	146.66			
		Other non-current assets	2772.03			
	16091.82		16091.82			

TABLE 8. Funds Flow Statement for The Year 2021-2022

TABLE 9. Ultra tech cement - statement of changes in working capital during the year 2022-2023.

Particulars	2022	2023	Increase	Decrease
A. Current assets:				
Inventories	34,383.76	22,786.43		115,97.33
Trade receivables	22,013.27	15,770.90		6242.37
Cash and cash equivalents	3,711.65	2,107.02		1604.63
Short term loans &advances	16,930.83	34,320.29	17389.46	
Other current assets	1,169.69	1,206.77	37.08	
Total current assets	78,209.20	76,191.41		
B. Current liabilities				
Short term borrowings	6316.65	11481.14		5164.49
Trade payable	7554.92	9875.57		2320.65
Other current liabilities	12803.36	10931.85	1871.51	
Short term provision	5073.93	3044.36	2029.57	
Total current liabilities	31748.86	35332.92		
C.net working capital (A-B)	46460.34	40858.49		
Net increase in working capital		5601.85	5601.85	
			26929.47	26929.47

As per above working capital in current assets short term loans & advances, other current assets are increased in 2023. As well inventories, trade receivables, cash and cash equivalents are decreased in 2023. In other side in current liabilities short term borrowings, trade payables are decreased in 2023. As well as other current liabilities, short term provisions are increased in 2023. The overall "networking capital" decreased to 5601.85/- in the year 2023.

TABLE 10. Funds now statement for the year 2022-2025						
Source of funds	Amount	Application of fund	Amount			
Funds from operation	7892.21	Repayment of other long term liabilities	6.48			
Raising long term borrowings	21549.71	Tangible assets	128.28			
Raising long term provisions	88.78	Non-current investments	2616.93			
In tangible assets	24.77	Long term loans and advance	29173.18			
Capital work in progress	200.87	Other non-current assets	2281.32			
Net decrease in working capital	5601.85					

TABLE 10. Funds flow statement for the year 2022-2023

ſ		1
	35358.19	

35358.19

TABLE 11. Balance Sheet F	For the Year	Ended 31st March	2019
Particulars	Notes	31st march, 2019	31st march, 2018
Equity and liabilities	110105	2017	2010
Shareholder funds			
Share capital	4	1,787.01	1 529 55
		,	1,528.55
Reserves and surplus	5	2,09,823.46	1,82,634.31
NT (11.1.1		2,11,610.47	1,84,162.86
Non-current liabilities		0.545.01	0.627.50
Long term borrowings	6	2,545.01	9,627.59
Deferred tax liabilities (net)	7	3,471.28	2,063.28
Other long term liabilities	8	654.26	730.88
Long term provisions	9	1,594.60	1,488.95
		8,265.15	13,910.70
Current liabilities			
Short term borrowings	10	9,775.21	3,409.18
Trade payables	11	7,173.92	6,629.38
Other current liabilities	12	11,343.88	20,801.44
Short term provisions	13	3,919.69	5,960.44
		32,212.70	36,800.44
Total		2,52,088.32	2,34,874.00
Assets			
Fixed assets			
Tangible	14	64,617.44	66,446.27
Intangible	15	755.88	864.51
Capital work in progress		26,039.28	23,708.51
Non-current investments	16	29,589.54	14,327.27
Long term loans and advances	17	4,170.44	7,199.74
Other non-current assets	18	177.89	69.96
		1,25,350.47	1,12,616.26
current assets		, , ,	, ,
Inventories	19	29,153.56	29,487.68
Trade receivables	20	11,659.55	20,417.03
Cash and cash equivalents	20	48,519.84	47,903.15
Short term loans and advances	21	34,118.33	22,831.11
Other current assets	22	3,286.57	
Omer current assets	23		1,618.77
1		1,26,737.85	1,22,257.74
total Notes forming part of financial statements	Jan- 44	2,52,088.32	2,34,874.00

Interpretation:

From above balance sheet reserves and surplus has increased from 228722.49 to 209823.46. Noncurrent liabilities have increased from 8408.63 to 9131.78 Current liabilities have decreased from 32089.78 to 26438.24. Total liabilities have increased from 252108.88to 2660799.52. Non-current assets have increased from 141120.72 to 159556.67 Current assets has decreased from110988.16 to 106522.85. The total assets have increased from 252108.88 to 266079.52.

TABLE 12. Balance sheet for the Year Ended 31st March 2020 31st march, 31st march, 31st march,					
Particulars	Notes	2020	2019		
Equity and liabilities					
shareholders' funds					
Share capital	4	1,787.01	1,787.01		
Surplus and reserves	5	2,28,722.49	2,09,823.46		
•		2,30,509.50	2,11,610.47		
		, ,			
Non-current liabilities					
Long term borrowings	6	4,527.57	3,882.01		
Deferred tax liabilities (net)	7	3,393.74	3,471.28		
Other long term liabilities	8	242.47	200.61		
Other term provision	9	968	854.73		
		9,131.78	8,408.63		
current liabilities					
Short term borrowings	10	8,169.65	9,775.21		
Trade payable	11	7,291.33	7,972.67		
Other current liabilities	12	5,321.76	9,682.33		
Short term provisions	13	5,655.50	4,659.57		
		26,438.24	32,089.78		
total		26,60,799.52	2,52,108.88		
assets					
non-current assets					
fixed assets					
Tangible assets	14	63,954.00	64,617.44		
Intangible assets	15	643.05	755.88		
Capital work in progress	16	26,055.77	26,039.28		
Non-current investments	17	47,432.27	29,589.54		
Long term loans and advance	18	4,937.17	4,468.36		
Other non-current assets	19	16,534.41	15,650.22		
		1,59,556.67	1,41,120.72		
current assets					
Inventories	20	29,264.06	29,153.55		
Trade receivables	21	16,596.66	11,659		
Cash and cash equivalents	22	46,370.77	48,697.73		
Short term loans and advances	23	12,052.24	18,371.70		
Other current assets	24	2,239.12	3,105.62		
		1,06,522.85	1,10,988.16		
total		2,66,079.52	2,52,108.88		
Notes Forming part of financial statements	Jan- 47	2,00,017.02	2,52,100.00		

TABLE 12. Balance sheet for the Year Ended 31st March 2020

Interpretation:

From above balance sheet reserves and surplus has increased from 228722.49 to 209823.46. Noncurrent liabilities have increased from 8408.63 to 9131.78 Current liabilities have decreased from 32089.78 to 26438.24. Total liabilities have increased from 252108.88to 2660799.52. Non-current assets have increased from 141120.72 to 159556.67 Current assets has decreased from110988.16 to 106522.85. The total assets have increased from 252108.88 to 266079.52.

Particulars	Notes	31st march, 2021	31st march, 2020
equity and liabilities			
shareholders fund			
Share capital	4	1,787.01	1,787.01
Reserves and surplus	5	2,43,100.21	2,28,722.49
		2,44,887.22	2,30,509.50
Non- current liabilities			
Long term borrowings	6	5,429.33	4,527.57
Deferred tax liabilities(net)	7	2,641.92	
Other long term liabilities	8	221,.06	242.47
Long term provisions	9	1,029.79	968
		9,322.10	9,131.78
current liabilities			
Short term borrowings	10	4,185.27	8,169.65
Trade payables	11	7,478.80	7,285.53
Other current liabilities	12	9,887.02	5,327.56
Short term provisions	13	5,701.76	5.655.50
		27,252.85	26,438.24
total		2,81,462.17	2,66,079.52
assets			
non-current assets			
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	14	84,583.80	63,954.00
Intangible assets	15	531.36	643.05
Capital work in progress	16	633.4	26,055.77
Non-current investments	17	95,409.36	47,432.27
Long term loans and advance	18	4,852.46	4,941.57
Other non-current asset	19	17,764.12	16,534.41
		2,03,774.50	1,59,561.07
current assets			
Inventories	20	32,170.94	29,264.06
Trade receivables	21	15,969.90	16,596.66
Cash and cash equivalents	22	11,710.66	46,370.77
Short term loans and advances	23	16,262.72	12,047.84
Other current assets	24	1,573.45	2,239.12
		77,687.67	1,06,518.45
total		2,81,462.17	2,66,079.52
Notes forming of financial statement	Jan- 47		

TABLE 13. Balance sheet for the year ended 31st march 2021

From above balance sheet reserves and surplus has increased from 228722.49 to 243100.21. Noncurrent liabilities have increased from 9131.78 to 9322.10 Current liabilities have increased from 26438.24 to 27252.85. Total liabilities have increased from 266079.52 to 281462.17. Non-current assets have increased from 159561.07 to 203774.50. Current assets has decreased from106518.45 to 77687.67. The total assets have increased from 281462.17 to 266079.52.

TABLE 14. Balance sheet f Particulars	Notes	31st March, 2022	31st march, 2021
Equity and liabilities			
Shareholders funds			
Share capital	4	1,787.01	1,787.01
Reserves and surplus	5	2,51,678.24	2,43,100.21
		2,53,465.25	2,44,887.22
Non-current liabilities			
Long term borrowings	6	2,848.83	5,429.32
Deferred tax liabilities (net)	7	2,925.41	2,641.92
Other long term liabilities	8	42.55	221.06
Long term provisions	9	1,788.70	1,029.79
		7,605.49	9,322.09
Current liabilities			
Short term borrowings	10	6,316.65	4,185.27
Trade payables	11	7,554.92	7,478.81
Other current liabilities	12	12,803.36	9,887.02
Short term provisions	13	5,073.93	5,701.76
		31,748.86	27,252.86
total		2,92,819.60	2,81,462.17
assets			
non-current assets			
fixed assets			
Tangible assets	14	82,176.17	84,581.26
Intangible assets	15	442.07	533.9
Capital work in progress	16	675.56	633.4
Non-current investment	17	1,05,781.33	95,409.36
Long term loans and advances	18	4,999.12	4,852.46
Other non-current assets	19	20,536.15	17,764.12
		2,14,610.40	2,03,774.50
Current assets			
Inventories	20	34,383.76	32,170.94
Trade receivables	21	22,013.27	15,969.90
Cash and cash equivalents	22	3,711.65	11,710.66
Short term loans and advances	23	16,930.83	16,262.72
Other current assets	24	1,169.69	1,573.45
		78,209.20	77,687.67
Total		2,92,819.60	2,81,462.17
Notes forming part of financial	Jan-		

TABLE 14. Balance sheet for the year ended 31st march 2022

statements	48	

From above balance sheet reserves and surplus has increased from 244887.22 to 253465.25. Noncurrent liabilities have decreased from 9322.09 to 7605.49. Current liabilities have increased from 27252.86 to 31748.86. Total liabilities have increased from 281462.17 to 292819. 60. Non-current assets have increased from 203774.50 to 214610.40. Current assets have increased from 77687.67 to 78209.20. The total assets have increased from 281462.17 to 292819.60.

TABLE 15. Balance sheet h		31st March,	31st March,
Particulars	Notes	2023	2022
Equity and liabilities			
Shareholders' funds			
Share capital	4	1,787.01	1,787.01
Reserves and surplus	5	2,59,755.80	2,51,678.24
		2,61,542.81	2,53,465.25
Non- current liabilities			
Long term borrowings	6	24,398.54	2,848.83
Deferred tax liabilities (net)	7	2,740.06	2,925.41
Other long term liabilities	8	36.07	42.55
Long term provisions	9	1,877.48	1,788.70
Total		29,052.15	7,605.49
Current liabilities			
Short term borrowings	10	11,481.14	6,316.65
Trade payables	11	9,875.57	7,554.92
Other current liabilities	12	10,931.85	12,803.36
Short term provisions	13	3,044.36	5,073.93
Total		35,332.92	31,748.86
Total		3,25,927.88	2,92,819.60
ASSETS			
Non-Current Assets			
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	14	83,456.45	82,176.17
In tangible assets	15	417.3	442.07
Capital work in progress	16	474.69	675.56
Non-current investments	17	1,08,398.26	1,05,781.33
Long term loans and advances	18	34,172.30	4,999.12
Other non-current assets	19	22,817.47	20,536.15
		2,49,736.47	2,14,610.40
Current Assets			
Inventories	20	22,786.43	34,383.76
Trade receivable	21	15,770.90	22,013.27
Cash and cash equivalents	22	2,107.02	3,711.65

TABLE 15. Balance sheet for the year ended 31st March 2023

Short term loans and advances	23	34,320.29	16,930.83
Other current assets	24	1,206.77	1,169.69
		76,191.41	78,209.20
Total		3,25,927.88	2,92,819.60
Notes forming part of financial statements	Jan- 47		

From above balance sheet reserves and surplus has increased from 253465.25 to 261542.81. Noncurrent liabilities have decreased from 705.49 to 29052.15. Current liabilities have increased from 31748.86 to 35332.92. The Total liabilities have increased from 292819.60 to 325927.88. The noncurrent assets have increased from 214610.40 to 249736.47. Current assets have increased from 292819.60 to 325927.88. The total assets have increased from 292819.60 to 325927.88.

Findings

- The profit before interest and tax margin ratios of the Aditya Birla Group during the study period is low. So, the company gets less amount of profit on its sales.
- The Return on capital employed of the Aditya Birla Group during the study period is low. So the company doesn't use its capital employed effectively.
- The Fixed assets turnover ratios of the Aditya Birla GroupLtd during the study period are low. So, the company doesn't use its fixed assets effectively.
- The Debtors turnover ratios of the Aditya Birla Group during the study period are low. So the company doesn't manage debtors effectively.
- The Inventory turnover ratios of the Aditya Birla Group during the study period are promptly. So, the company sold its inventory quickly.
- The Working capital turnover ratios of the Aditya Birla Group during the study period are low. The company doesn't use working capital effectively.

Suggestions

- The company should go for the improvement in the technology to improve efficiency and to decrease the cost of production per unit.
- > A company needs to maintain control of its resources, because assets generate fewer sales.
- A company needs to increase the profit rate on its sales.
- > Company needS to be reducing the idleness of fixed assets.
- Linking up alternate part numbers and elimination of duplicate code numbers so that effective utilization items could be done, and unnecessary purchases could be avoided.
- Orders are being placed annually for the total requirements for one year period. Instead of these orders may be placed periodically especially for a class item periodically.

4. CONCLUSION

Based on data collection, the subsequent analysis and results thereof, it is concluded that Aditya Birla Group sales are continuously shows up and downs during the study period and Net profits showing growth and returns on capital employed showing growth during the study period. The company ability to manage the assets for generation of sales has improving during the study period. The correlation between PBITM and other variables are positive. The correlation between ROCE and other variables are positive. It can be concluded that it needs to increase the profit on sales and maintain control on effective utilization of its resources. On the whole it can be concluded that the financial performance of Aditya Birla Groups good.

REFERENCES

- [1] J. A. Gentry, P. Newbold, and D.T. Whitford. Profiles of cash flow components. Financial Analysts Journal. 41-48, 1990.
- [2]. [2] V. Dickinson. Cash flow patterns as a proxy for firm life cycle. Fisher School of Accounting Warrington College of Business Unversity of Florid, 2007
- [3]. [3] M. Gort and S. Klepper. Time paths in the diffusion of product innovation. Economic Journal. Vol. 92, 630-653, 1982.

- [4]. [4] R. M. Bowen, D. Burgstahler, and L. A., Daley, The incremental information content of accrual versus cash flows, Accounting Review, 723-747, 1987.
- [5]. [5] V. L. Bernard and T. L. Stober. The Nature and Amount of Information in Cash Flows and Accruals. The Accounting Review Vol. 14, 624-652, 198
- [6]. MANAGEMENT ACCOUNTING: KALYANI PUBLISHERS 8TH EDITION & R.K. SHARMA & SHASHI K. GUPTA.
- [7]. COST ACCOUNTING: KALYANI PUBLISHERS 8TH EDITION & S.P. JAIN & K.L. NARANG.
- [8]. FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT PRINCIPLES AND PRACTICE: S.M. MAHESWARI
- [9]. FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT: GLAGOTIA PUBLICATION & R.P. RUSTHAGI
- [10]. FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT- PRASANNA CHANDRA