

# Understanding Indian Technical Institution using TOPSIS MCDM Method

\*<sup>1</sup>Vimala Saravanan, <sup>2</sup>Babila revathy M, <sup>1</sup>M Ramachandran, <sup>1</sup>Ashwini Murugan

<sup>1</sup>REST Labs, Kaveripattinam, Krishnagiri, Tamil Nadu, India.

<sup>2</sup>Govindammal Aditanar college for women, Thiruchendur, TamilNadu, India,

\*Corresponding author Email: [vimala@restlabs.in](mailto:vimala@restlabs.in)

**Abstract.** In this from analysis EDAS method is the most ideal solution Short-distance and negative-best The solution with the longest distance from the solution Determines, but the comparison of these distances Does not consider importance. From the result it is seen that Faculty strength (FS) is got the first rank where as is the Campus area (CA) is having the lowest rank. The liberalization of the economy and many opportunities and Due to globalization there are challenges in Indian technical education. The performance of technology companies in many of these challenges in terms of criteria there is also how to evaluate Is one. Of the Indian Economy Liberalization and Due to globalization Indian Technical Education System Faces challenges. Many foreign multinational companies are focusing on job placement in India. Sophisticated technologies and techniques Many technology companies have foreign collaboration; national and private Are set by efforts. Due to liberalization, privatization and globalization, efficient recent corporate scandals of many The result is this special Demand has grown significantly foreign multinational companies are focusing on job placement in India. The liberalization of the economy and Due to globalization, in India Many opportunities in the field of technical education and there are challenges. Of many criteria basically of technology companies How to evaluate performance this is one of the challenges. Indian technical education, in recent times, has seen rapid growth, Alternative: Teacher Strength (FS), Student Admission (SI), Number of PhDs awarded (Ph.D.), Number of patents applied for (patent), Campus area (CA). Evaluation Preference: Computational time, Simplicity, Mathematical calculations involved, Flexibility which has led to a decline in the employment of engineering graduates. Thus the present devastation in India Many private techies on the edge the business performance of companies has been affected. TOPSIS (Technique for Order Performance through Integrity with Ideal Solution). Indian Technical Institution from TOPSIS method. From the result it is seen that Faculty strength (FS) and is got the first rank whereas is the Campus area (CA) got is having the lowest rank.

## 1. Introduction

Education and health for the development of a nation Education and Health for the Development of OP a Country Ingredients. The first area to focus on transforming India into a knowledge-based society is education. Approximately 1000 as imagined by Indian intellectual's years ago, education is endless from low light to light Travel. It is the expression of the wholeness that man already has. Twenty-one from the beginning of the century, the explosive development of knowledge and communication Due to the development of simple tools of technology and other scientific discoveries, Educators around the world are challenging the "new type of learning" Are facing. "New type of in this area Tools and techniques for improvement the use is exploratory. In the field of technical education Article in the literature Provides a comprehensive review, this review for the quality of technical education War the Faulty OP Techniques for example such as learning and current issues throughout life. Sources appearing in credible, third-party publications for this article or section Notes required. Of studies conducted in India, Indian universities and other educational institutions basically the issue of intellectual property is under recent scrutiny. Ray and Sasha provided data on patented drivers at primary technology and research institutes the nature and scope of the engineering field is subject to dramatic changes, especially high in technical areas. In old tools, techniques, technologies and work skills Obsolescence has had a major impact. Higher education is for the development of a country is also the backbone of economic growth. Because, the capacity required for a country in the long run Educational institutions are responsible for development plans One in terms of increasing its productivity The Education Especially the system it Is one of the pillars on which strategic plans can be effectively implemented. Engineering education is Variety of engineering Industries, which are practices related knowledge and Is the process of teaching principles. Elementary education to become must be an engineer and any advanced education or must have expertise. Engineering education is Additional exams for engineering course and with supervisory training requirements is a profession. To assist with selection at various criterion levels there are various criteria techniques. The abbreviation TOPSIS stands for the preferred technique of unity for the best solution. Hwang at the beginning of TOPSIS and provided by Yoon, from the decision makers to it requires limited subjective input.

## 2. Indian Technical Institution

Systematically upgrade human resources for the technical education system by providing the necessary orientation, training and development plan, Monitoring system for follow-up reporting to be on behalf of the government. Companies through networking and partnerships to be connected to each other and for short and long term change must be flexible to integrate

with any strategy. India divides sharply on the basis of caste and class a community with. Currently the country's GDP Although we expect the growth rate to be 8.5-9 per cent, 37 Although we expect it to be, arrange as follows in the next section for literary studies and group work TOPSIS Applications, the proposed panel is given in Section 3 of the TOPSIS model, Quality issues related to technical education have been frequently reported in print media and research articles in recent times. Research in technical education, especially related to quality issues, has recently gained prominence among researchers. The literature studied in this area highlights factors affecting the Literary Studies and Teamwork TOPSIS the next section for applications of the TOPSIS model, will not be as dependent on capital as on technology. Therefore, it was proposed to set up a Scientific and Industrial Research Council. To run those labs, the U.S. government under the Technical Cooperation Mission program was forced to award hundreds of Doctor Fellowships. However, after India gained independence, such measures were taken for the development of India Realizing that the idea of companies training such employees within the country emerged this is believed to be the first concept of IIT. Education is a social process and the form of education is community of the dialectic is very important and all in education Primary concerns of shareholders Fijenbaum (1994) Invisible 'The quality of education ' Is important for competition Believes to be the factor Engineers and economists of products and services of specialists Quality products and Quality of services Thinkers Managers, teachers, workers, engineers and The function of economists and Is determined by decision making. A is determined by the quality of higher education provided. High productivity and Ability to maintain quality the nature of the market is that those who have will survive the curriculum, the lesson, the transaction method and the assessments. The traditional practices of lecture and demo methods are the most author-centric approach; it should develop into a student-cantered approach to meeting current demands Indian engineering education is one of the largest education systems in the world. Today there are more than 2,300 engineer's companies in the country; there are more than 600,000 engineers each year

### 3. TOPSIS

Based on the predicted number of winners Provides results. As baseball has expanded significantly since 1961, Number of teams per season from four teams Varies up to ten per section. The term cases in Table 1 are played with that number of teams, it refers to the number of seasons, The ratio of the number of correct results. Therefore, the results are divided by the number of teams per division for example, eight in the period 1901-1905 There were ten matches in which the teams participated It involves dealing with the problems of unique alternatives, MADM Techniques Practice for solving real world problems Tools. To rank, select a specific number of actions DM Tools. To rank, select a specific number Hwang and Yoon provide taxonomy techniques Gives priority. Due to the many techniques involved, Types of information from DMs, key features of the information and key type methods. This classification actually refers to MADM techniques Provides clear direction for learning. Comparisons between companies should be conducted on a generally accepted basis. Considering the diversity of the problem in the septic environment, Partners' DMs or different interests "is a subjective weighing process by which an agreement can be reached on the relative importance of facial proportions. When these two dollars are appropriate DMs Will is updated. In addition, facial proportions Used are not completely independent "attached and to some extent are selected by the function of the company. Each article that meets the required criteria is included. Technology However, the TOPSIS method presents some drawbacks One of the problems that causes TOPSIS is that it causes an event called Rank Reversal In this case, when an alternative is added or eliminated in the decision-making problem Selection sequence changes of alternatives This can sometimes lead to a total rank reversal, Where the sequence of options is completely reversed, I.e. the replacement is considered optimal, adding or removing the substitute from the process and Adding or removing an alternative and so on. In many cases, such an event may be unacceptable. This is the structure of the rest of the paper, may be. This outlines the structure of the rest of the paper, outlining the theoretical foundations of the following section 2 new proposals, viz. Multiple criterion decision making techniques and systematic support for distance reduction The proposal for Taken from the literature The numerical example uses the results with the traditional approach And compares; Section 4, Applications of published literature And a proposal for a numerical example taken from the outlines the most important implications of traditional Section 5 work and refers to future research.

TABLE 1. Indian technical institution

	Computational time	Simplicity	Mathematical calculations involved	Flexibility
Faculty strength (FS)	24.08	229.53	20.15	17.05
Student intake (SI)	15.12	252.97	34.69	18.30
Number of Ph.D. awarded (Ph.D.)	37.08	232.58	25.18	14.10
Number of patents applied for (Patent)	39.17	238.28	35.60	13.59
Campus area (CA)	48.33	276.41	33.96	16.89

Table 1 Shows that various technical Indian Technical Institutions in highest value for campus area (CA) and student intake (SI) are the lowest value. Then highest value for campus area and faculty strength (FS) is the lowest value. Number of patents applied for (patent) is the highest value and Faculty strength (FS) is the lowest value. Student intake (SI) is the highest value and Number of patents applied for (patent) is the lowest value.

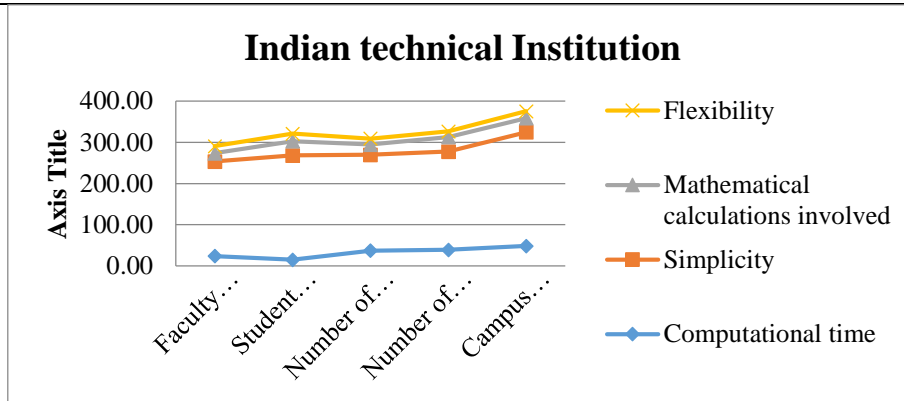


FIGURE 1. Indian technical Institution

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TABLE 2. Normalized Data for Indian Technical Institution

	Computational time	Simplicity	Mathematical calculations involved	Flexibility
Faculty strength (FS)	0.3095	2.95	0.29505	0.4739
Student intake (SI)	0.1943	3.251	0.50795	0.5087
Number of Ph.D. awarded (Ph.D.)	0.4766	2.989	0.3687	0.3919
Number of patents applied for (Patent)	0.5034	3.063	0.52127	0.3777
Campus area (CA)	0.6212	3.553	0.49726	0.4695

Table 2 Number of patents applied for Facility Strength (FS), Student Admission (SI), and Number of PhDs awarded (PhD), (Patent), and Campus Area (CA). Obtained by default value. (1)

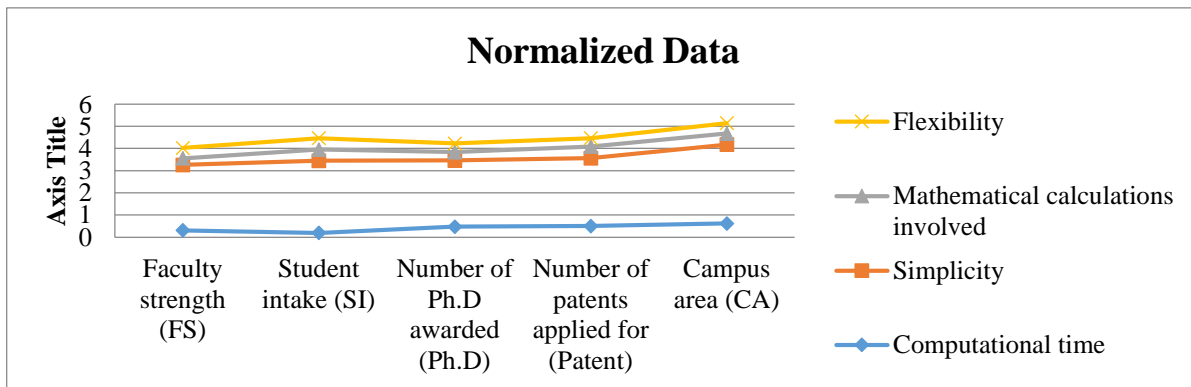


FIGURE 2. Normalized Data

FIGURE 2 Number of patents applied for Facility Strength (FS), Student Admission (SI), Number of PhDs awarded (PhD), (Patent), and Campus Area (CA). Obtained by default value. (1)

TABLE 3. Weighted Normalized decision matrix

	Computational time	Simplicity	Mathematical calculations involved	Flexibility
Faculty strength (FS)	0.077374	0.738	0.074	0.118
Student intake (SI)	0.048584	0.813	0.127	0.127
Number of Ph.D. awarded (Ph.D.)	0.119146	0.747	0.092	0.098
Number of patents applied for (Patent)	0.125861	0.766	0.13	0.094
Campus area (CA)	0.155294	0.888	0.124	0.117

Table 3. Shows weighted normalized decision matrix for Facility Strength (FS), Student Admission (SI), number of PhDs awarded (PhD), number of patents applied for (patent), campus area (CA) to figure out the Weighted normalized decision matrix, we used the formula (2).

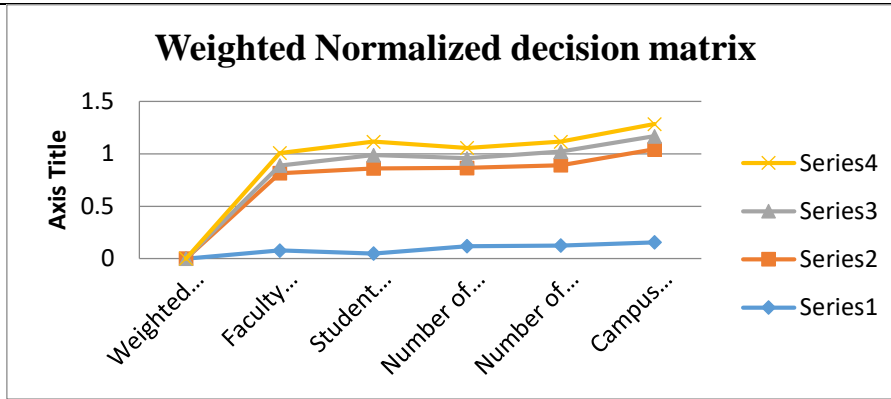


FIGURE 3. Weighted normalized decision matrix

Table 2 Number of patents applied for Facility Strength (FS), Student Admission (SI), and Number of PhDs awarded (PhD), (Patent), and Campus Area (CA). Obtained by default value. (1)

TABLE 4. Positive matrix

	Computational time	Simplicity	Mathematical calculations involved	Flexibility
Faculty strength (FS)	0.0486	0.7375	0.1303	0.1272
Student intake (SI)	0.0486	0.7375	0.1303	0.1272
Number of Ph.D. awarded (Ph.D.)	0.0486	0.7375	0.1303	0.1272
Number of patents applied for (Patent)	0.0486	0.7375	0.1303	0.1272
Campus area (CA)	0.0486	0.7375	0.1303	0.1272

TABLE 5. Negative matrix

	Computational time	Simplicity	Mathematical calculations involved	Flexibility
Faculty strength (FS)	0.0486	0.7375	0.1303	0.1272
Student intake (SI)	0.0486	0.7375	0.1303	0.1272
Number of Ph.D. awarded (Ph.D.)	0.0486	0.7375	0.1303	0.1272
Number of patents applied for (Patent)	0.0486	0.7375	0.1303	0.1272
Campus area (CA)	0.0486	0.7375	0.1303	0.1272

Table 4 and 5 Shows the positive and negative teams for Facility Strength (FS), Student Admission (SI), number of PhDs awarded (PhD), number of patents applied for in various positive matrices (patents), campus area (CA)The maximum value is 0.8882,0.1553. The minimum value is 0.0944, 0.0738. Then the negative team took the minimum value of 0.0486,0.1272 and the maximum value of 0.7375, 0.1303.

TABLE 6. SI Plus, Si Negative, Ci

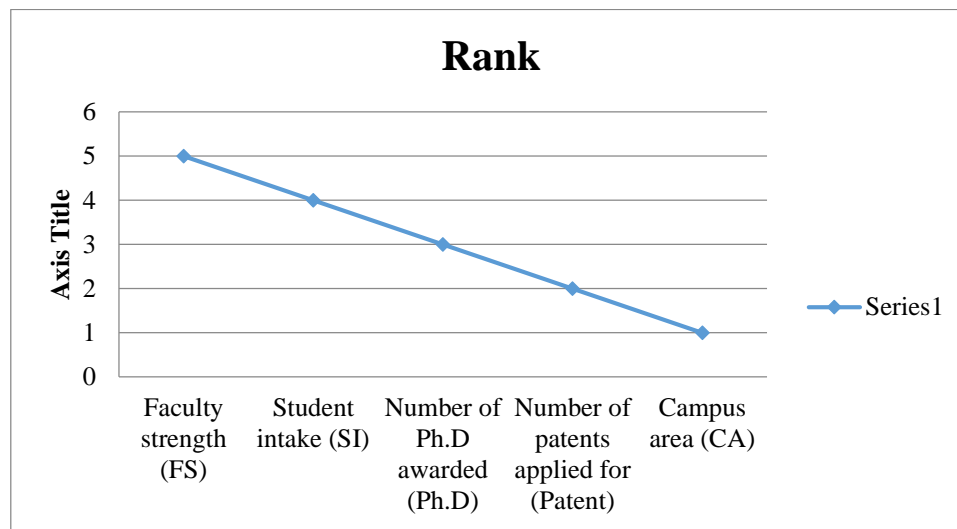
	SI Plus	Si Negative	Ci
Faculty strength (FS)	0.171	0.0641	0.2722
Student intake (SI)	0.145	0.0754	0.3424
Number of Ph.D. awarded (Ph.D.)	0.147	0.0859	0.3695
Number of patents applied for (Patent)	0.138	0.0885	0.3905
Campus area (CA)	0.056	0.1850	0.7692

Table 6 Shows that various technical Indian Technical Institutions in SI Plus, Si Negative, Ci values higher and lower values

TABLE 7. Rank

	Rank
Faculty strength (FS)	5
Student intake (SI)	4
Number of Ph.D. awarded (Ph.D.)	3
Number of patents applied for (Patent)	2
Campus area (CA)	1

TABLE5. The final result of TOPSIS for big data number 2 shows the result of TOPSIS analysis. In Table 6, Si is calculated using the positive formula (3). From Figure 2, the facility value (FS) and the premises area (CA) at the Si positive are valued at the highest value. The negative value is calculated using the formula (4). In the negative, the premises area (CA) is the value of the facility strength at the lowest value.



**FIGURE 4.** Rank

FIGURE 4 from the result it is seen that Faculty strength (FS) and is got the first rank whereas is the Campus area (CA) got is having the lowest rank.

#### 4. Conclusion

Primary in a technology company the purpose is achieved through research is to explore and transfer knowledge, the latter is achieved through teaching. The knowledge economy is growing in the development of a country during this period. Play. Technology in India is growing for education. Enroll in academic courses as the number of young people increasing to meet the need. The mutual recognition of the industry worldwide. Quality engineering techniques of technology companies and Quality used to evaluate multiple criteria. This article explores the role of final approaches. Indian. Many things related to the quality of literature in the context of this paper. Strategic level and functional standard issues. Substantial research has been done through studies to solve the problems. The key findings of this review are, at the strategic level. Such as quality improvement techniques at the computer dynamics and functional level. Reveal gaps in the use of techniques. Continuing career in Indian technical education system- This article also underscores the importance of reducing the educational gap. The sheet is organized as follows. The next part is vague. TOPSIS. Introduces the framework for ratings. Section 3. Rank reverse issue in TOPSIS mode. Exploring. Section 4. Provides a solution to the ranking change. The final section outlines the most important results. From the result it is seen that Faculty strength (FS) and is got the first rank whereas is the Campus area (CA) got is having the lowest rank.

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